

**Quarterly Financial Results for Fourth Quarter, F.Y. 2080/81**

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

Fig in NPR.

Particulars	Unaudited	
	At the end of this Quarter	Unaudited* At the end of Immediate Previous Year
<b>Assets:</b>		
Goodwill & Intangible Assets	1,988,195	3,767,595
Property and Equipment	403,667,240	502,143,247
Investment Properties	-	-
Deferred Tax Assets	10,740,383	3,467,379
Investment in Subsidiaries	-	-
Investment in Associates	-	-
Investments	18,410,510,522	14,170,581,849
Loans	1,247,193,610	1,188,817,549
Reinsurance Assets	9,650,529	-
Current Tax Assets	473,505,175	352,281,790
Insurance Receivables	-	18,794,567
Other Assets	151,449,216	68,063,663
Other Financial Assets	150,076,365	322,284,888
Cash and Cash Equivalent	550,670,696	511,460,656
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>21,409,451,932</b>	<b>17,141,663,181</b>
<b>Equity:</b>		
Share Capital	4,184,000,000	4,184,000,000
Share Application Money Pending Allotment	-	-
Share Premium	-	-
Catastrophe Reserves	125,408,201	96,426,198
Retained Earnings	1,010,489,340	726,542,560
Other Equity	28,990,772	31,618,556
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>5,348,888,313</b>	<b>5,038,587,315</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Provisions	28,883,823	48,137,885
Gross Insurance Contract Liabilities	14,790,374,229	10,917,624,854
Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Insurance Payables	18,086,197	-
Current Tax Liabilities	-	-
Borrowings	-	-
Other Liabilities	881,230,267	500,127,942
Other Financial Liabilities	341,989,103	637,185,185
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>16,060,563,618</b>	<b>12,103,075,866</b>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>	<b>21,409,451,932</b>	<b>17,141,663,181</b>

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

Fig in NPR.

Particulars	Current Year		Corresponding Previous Year	
	This Quarter	Upto this Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto this Quarter (YTD)
<b>Income:</b>				
Gross Earned Premiums	1,911,124,370	6,187,244,987	1,598,750,009	3,551,897,033
Premiums Ceded	(61,341,141)	(323,328,716)	(89,858,784)	(193,747,121)
<b>Net Earned Premiums</b>	<b>1,849,783,229</b>	<b>5,863,916,271</b>	<b>1,508,891,225</b>	<b>3,358,149,912</b>
Commission Income	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Income	2,852,901	15,242,918	4,495,776	5,340,633
Interest Income on Loan to Policyholders	22,961,443	93,449,476	15,840,828	23,016,704
Income from Investments and Loans	422,190,561	1,549,142,777	357,928,268	822,225,100
Net Gain/(Loss) on Fair Value Changes	-	-	-	-
Net Realised Gains/(Losses)	721,160	721,160	-	-
Other Income	11,263	3,197,405	-	-
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>2,298,520,557</b>	<b>7,525,670,008</b>	<b>1,887,156,096</b>	<b>4,208,732,349</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>				
Gross Benefits and Claims Paid	568,007,317	1,986,525,838	523,791,897	1,017,477,848
Claims Ceded	(133,051,320)	(349,420,698)	(90,321,299)	(109,333,656)
Gross Change in Contract Liabilities	1,256,155,252	3,892,213,602	975,645,450	2,119,017,662
Change in Contract Liabilities Ceded to Reinsurers	18,485,579	18,485,579	-	-
<b>Net Benefits and Claims Paid</b>	<b>1,709,596,829</b>	<b>5,547,804,320</b>	<b>1,409,116,048</b>	<b>3,027,161,854</b>
Commission Expenses	220,007,634	653,140,594	206,154,346	435,775,777
Service Fees	14,923,444	46,404,337	11,823,925	26,607,967
Other Direct expenses	313,553	313,553	-	79,000
Employee Benefits Expenses	19,663,969	416,349,157	127,029,696	262,969,557
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	30,750,033	97,652,411	12,390,543	49,562,170.09
Impairment Losses	-	-	2,068,409	2,068,409
Other Operating Expenses	247,238,035	386,587,287	71,448,722	171,743,477
Finance Cost	10,803,698	34,756,529	3,344,162	13,376,647
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>2,253,297,194</b>	<b>7,183,008,188</b>	<b>1,843,375,851</b>	<b>3,989,344,858</b>
<b>Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year Before Share of Net Profits of Associates Accounted for Using Equity Method and Tax</b>	<b>45,223,363</b>	<b>342,661,820</b>	<b>43,780,246</b>	<b>219,387,490</b>
Share of Net Profit of Associates accounted using Equity Method	-	-	-	-
<b>Profit Before Tax</b>	<b>45,223,363</b>	<b>342,661,820</b>	<b>43,780,246</b>	<b>219,387,490</b>
Income Tax Expenses	(768,828)	(8,162,291)	-	-
<b>Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year</b>	<b>45,992,190</b>	<b>350,824,111</b>	<b>43,780,246</b>	<b>219,387,490</b>
<b>Earning Per Share</b>				
Basic EPS	4.40	8.38	4.19	5.24
Diluted EPS	4.40	8.38	4.19	5.24

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

Fig in NPR.

Particulars	Current Year		Corresponding Previous Year	
	This Quarter	Upto this Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto this Quarter (YTD)
Net Profit/(Loss) For The Year	45,992,190	350,824,111	43,780,246	219,387,490
Other Comprehensive Income	65,628,202	43,447,811	-	-
<b>Total Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>111,620,392</b>	<b>394,271,922</b>	<b>43,780,246</b>	<b>219,387,490</b>

**OTHER INDICATORS**

Particulars	Current Year		Previous Year	
	Upto this Quarter (YTD)			
1. Total inforce Policy count	982,554	982,554	1,036,285	1,036,285
2. No. of Policies Issued During the Year	698,255	698,255	255,468	255,468
3. First Year Premium (Including Single Premium)	1,875,429,907	1,875,429,907	1,262,750,991	1,262,750,991
4. Single Premium	214,420,315	214,420,315	165,175,257	165,175,257
5. Renewal Premium	4,311,815,080	4,311,815,080	2,289,146,042	2,289,146,042
6. Total Benefits and Claims Paid in Count	16,993	16,993	14,954	14,954
7. Outstanding Benefits and Claims in Count	5,387	5,387	6,421	6,421
8. Declared Bonus rate (FY 2078-79)	Rs. 19-75 Per Thousand			
9. Interim bonus rate	Rs. 19-75 Per Thousand			
10. Long Term Investments (Amount)	11,303,398,000	11,303,398,000	11,430,252,037	11,430,252,037
11. Short Term Investments (Amount)	7,107,112,522	7,107,112,522	2,880,021,213	2,880,021,213

Note: Detailed interim report has been published in company website.

\* The figures has been restated/regrouped as per the requirement

**Disclosure as per Section 84(3) of Insurance Act, 2079**

- Solvency Ratio related disclosure: The company has maintained solvency ratio of 2.56 (Regulatory requirement:1.5) as per its latest approved Actuarial Valuation Report of FY 2078/79.
- Reinsurance related disclosure: The company has entered into reinsurance agreement with strong rated Reinsurers to minimize its overall risks which is adequate based on companies risk exposure.
- Details regarding legal proceeding: There are no legal proceedings against the company arising from activities other than those from normal business operations.
- Corporate Governance: The company has fully complied with the Corporate Governance Directive issued by Nepal Insurance Authority.
- Regulatory limit on expenses ratio: The expenses of company is below the expense ratio as stipulated by Nepal Insurance Authority.
- The company had started Joint Operation as merged company from 2079/12/09. The company has complied with all the applicable laws ,directives and circulars issued by regulatory authorities.

**धितोपत्र दर्ता तथा निष्काशन नियमावली २०७३ को नियम २६ को उपनियम (१) को प्रयोजनका लागि**

**१. वित्तीय विवरण :**

(क) त्रैमासिक अवधिको वासलात, नाफा नोक्सान सम्बन्धी विवरण : यस कम्पनीको आ.व. २०८०/८१ को चौथो त्रैमासिकको वासलात, नाफा नोक्सान सम्बन्धी वित्तीय विवरण यसैसाथ प्रकाशित गरिएको छ । कम्पनीले आ.व. २०८०/८१ को चौथो त्रैमास सम्ममा रु.३५.०८ करोड खुद नाफा आर्जन गर्न सफल भएको छ । गत वर्ष सोहि अवधिमा भएको खुद नाफाको दाँजोमा यस समीक्षा अवधिमा मुनाफामा ६० प्रतिशतको वृद्धि भएको छ ।

कम्पनीले आ.व. २०८०/८१ को चौथो त्रैमास सम्ममा रु. १.९९ अर्ब कुल दावी भुक्तानी गरेको छ । कम्पनीले आ.व. २०८०/८१ को चौथो त्रैमास सम्ममा रु. १८.४१ अर्ब लगानी गर्न सफल भएको छ, जुन गत वर्षको सोहि अवधिसम्मको कुल लगानी रु. १४.१७ अर्ब मा ३० प्रतिशतको वृद्धि हो ।

**(ख) सम्बन्धित पक्ष (Related Party) बीच भएको कारोबार सम्बन्धी विवरण :**

समीक्षा अवधिमा प्रचलित नियम कानूनको अधिनमा रहि संचालकसंग सम्बन्धित संस्थामा कार्यरत कर्मचारी तथा संचालकसंग सम्बन्धित व्यक्तिको बीमा सम्बन्धि कारोबारको विवरण निम्नानुसार छ । : सो नभएको ।

**(ग) प्रमुख वित्तीय अनुपातहरू :**

बीमाङ्गीय मुल्याङ्कन पश्चात प्राप्त हुने मुनाफा जोडदा वित्तीय अनुपातहरू फरक पर्न सक्छ ।

प्रति शेयर आम्दानी (वार्षिकरण)*	मूल्य आम्दानी अनुपात	प्रति शेयर नेटवर्थ	प्रति शेयर कुल सम्पत्तिको मूल्य
रु. ८.३८	५६.३४	१२७.८४	५११.७०

\* प्रति शेयर आम्दानी गणना गर्दा अन्तिम शेयर संख्या लिइएको छ ।

**२. व्यवस्थापकिय विश्लेषण :**

(क) कम्पनीको आ.व. २०८०/८१ को चौथो त्रैमासिक अवधिमा कुल बीमाशुल्क रु. ६.९९ अर्ब रहेको छ जुन गत आ.व. को सोही अवधिमा प्राप्त कुल बीमा शुल्क रु.३.५५ अर्ब तुलनामा ७४ प्रतिशतले वृद्धि हो । त्यसैगरी संकलित प्रिमियम तथा जगेडा कोषहरूमा रहेको रकमलाई दीर्घकालीन/अल्पकालीन मुद्रा बजारका उपकरणहरूमा लगानी गरी ब्याज आर्जन गर्न सफल भएको छ ।

(ख) बीमा शिक्षा, बीमा सचेतना, बीमा विस्तार लगायतका काममा अग्रसर रही बजारको माग अनुरूप नयाँ बीमा योजनाहरू प्रस्तुत गरी समग्रमा विमीतहरूको हितलाई केन्द्रविन्दुमा राखी बीमा बजार विस्तार गर्दै सेवाग्राहिकहरूलाई व्यावसायिक बीमा सेवा उपलब्ध गराउने कार्य जारी छ ।

**३. कानूनी कारवाही सम्बन्धी विवरण : सो नभएको ।**

**४. संगठित संस्थाको शेयर कारोबार सम्बन्धि विश्लेषण :**

(क) शेयरको मूल्य बजारमा हुने कारोबारले निर्धारण गर्दछ ।

(ख) त्रैमासिक अवधिको शेयर कारोबारको विवरण :

अधिकतम मूल्य	न्यूनतम मूल्य	अन्तिम मूल्य	कारोबार संख्या	कारोबार दिन
रु. ४८५	रु. ४२५.१०	रु. ४७२.४०	१,०७८,०८७ कित्ता	६१

**५. समस्या तथा चुनौती: जीवन बीमाक्षेत्रका मुख्य समस्या तथा चुनौतीहरू निम्नानुसार रहेका छन् :**

- नेपालका सम्पूर्ण भूभागमा जीवन बीमा सम्बन्धि सचेतना फैलाउने कार्य भईरहेको भएतापनि देशको विकटतम भौगोलिक स्थितिका कारण धेरै स्थानमा जीवन बीमा सम्बन्धि सचेतना कार्यक्रम, बीमा शिक्षाका कार्यक्रमहरू नियमित रूपले सञ्चालन गर्न अनुकुल नभएको कारण अझ पनि जनमानसमा जीवन बीमा बारे जनचेतनाको कमी रहनु ।
- सिमित लगानीका क्षेत्रहरू ।
- अधिक तरलता र आर्थिक मन्दीले अर्थतन्त्रमा पारेको प्रतिकूल असरहरू ।
- नयाँ योजनाहरू जारी गर्न अनुसन्धान तथा विकासको लागि पर्याप्त र अचावधिक तथ्याङ्कको अभाव ।
- जीवन बीमा व्यवसायमा व्यवसायिक अवधारणाको विकास द्रुत गतिमा हुन नसकेको ।

**६. संस्थागत सुशासन :**

विद्यमान ऐन कानून तथा नियमन निकायबाट जारी गरिएका निर्देशनको पालना गर्नुका साथै कम्पनीको सञ्चालक समितिले समय समयमा निर्णय गरी लागु गरे का विभिन्न निति नियमहरू बमोजिम व्यवसायिक सुशासन तथा पारदर्शिताका आधारमा आफ्नो कार्यसम्पादन गरिआएको छ । साथै कम्पनीका सञ्चालक एवं व्यवस्थापन तहका पदाधिकारीहरू रहने गरी लेखापरिक्षण समिति, आर्थिक समिति, लगानी समिति, मानव संसाधन समिति, जोखिम व्यवस्थापन समिति, दावी भुक्तानी समिति, वित्तीय सल्लेन्सी र पूनर्बीमा समिति, कर्मचारी सम्बन्ध समिति र आवश्यकता अनुसार सञ्चालक र व्यवस्थापनका पदाधिकारीहरूको संलग्नतामा समेत विभिन्न समिति/उपसमितिको मार्फत सामूहिक रूपमा निर्णयहरू गरी जोखिमलाई कम गर्ने, उच्चस्तरीय तथा आधुनिक सूचना प्रविधिको उपयोग गरी स्वतन्त्र रूपमा नियमित आन्तरिक लेखापरिक्षण गरी आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणालीलाई चुस्त बनाई संस्थागत सुशासनको पालना उच्च रूपमा गरिआएको छ ।

**७. सत्य, तथ्यता सम्बन्धमा कार्यकारी प्रमुखको उद्घोषण :**

आजका मितिसम्म यस प्रतिवेदनमा उल्लेखित जानकारी तथा विवरणहरूको शुद्धता सम्बन्धमा म व्यक्तिगत रूपमा उत्तरदायित्व लिन्छु । साथै म यो उद्घोष गर्दछु की मैले जाने बुझेसम्म यस प्रतिवेदनमा उल्लेखित विवरणहरू सत्य, तथ्य र पूर्ण छन् र लगानीकर्ताहरूलाई सुसुचित निर्णय लिन आवश्यक कुनै विवरण, सूचना तथा जानकारीहरू लुकाइएको छैन ।

CONDENSED Statement of Changes In Equity

Fig. in NPR

At the end of Immediate Previous Year

Particulars	Ordinary Share Capital	Preference Shares	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	Share Premium	Retained Earnings	Revaluation Reserves	Capital Reserves	Catastrophe Reserves	Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Reserves	Insurance Fund	Fair Value Reserves	Actuarial Reserves	Deferred Tax Reserve	Other Reserves (Regulatory Reserve)	Other Reserves	Non-controlling interest	Total
Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2079	2,084,000,000	-	-	-	147,731,185	-	-	32,191,223	1,118,450	-	6,099,382	-	891,844	7,682,032	-	-	2,279,714,116
Prior period adjustment*	-	-	-	-	23,663,936	-	-	-	-	-	(1,524,846)	-	2,875,213	-	-	-	25,014,303
Transfer from RLI	2,100,000,000	-	-	-	353,050,383	-	-	49,489,827	2,137,064	-	(7,162,967)	-	11,776,298	(0)	-	-	2,534,304,907
Restated Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2079	4,184,000,000	-	-	-	524,445,504	-	-	81,681,051	3,255,514	-	(2,588,431)	-	15,543,353	7,682,032	-	-	4,814,019,023
Profit/(Loss) For the Year	-	-	-	-	189,985,352	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	189,985,352
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year, Net of Tax	-	-	-	-	3,811,362	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,811,362
i) Changes in Fair Value of FVOCI Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	(3,811,362)	-	-	-	-	-	3,811,362	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Gains/ (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Exchange differences on translation of Foreign Operation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Changes in fair value of FVOCI Equity Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
v) Revaluation of Property and Equipment/ Goodwill & Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
vi) Remeasurement of Post-Employment Benefit Obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Reserves/ Funds	-	-	-	-	(8,793,612)	-	-	9,460,968	1,842,006	-	-	-	-	(2,509,363)	-	-	0
Transfer of Deferred Tax Reserves	-	-	-	-	(3,275,352)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,275,352	-	-	-	-
Transfer of Depreciation on Revaluation of Property and Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer on Disposal of Property and Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer on Disposal of Equity Instruments Measured at FVTOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Insurance Contract Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,100,638)	-	-	(5,172,669)	-	-	(6,273,307)
Share Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	(3,464,560)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,464,560)
Others (Utilization of Reserves)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,355,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,355,000)
Contribution by/ Distribution to the owners of the Company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Bonus Share Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Share Issue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Cash Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Dividend Distribution Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
v) Others (to be Specified)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at Ashadh 31, 2080	4,184,000,000	-	-	-	698,897,332	-	-	91,142,019	3,742,520	-	122,293	-	18,818,705	-	-	-	4,996,722,869

**CONDENSED Statement of Changes In Equity**

<b>At the end of this Quarter</b>																	
Particulars	Ordinary Share Capital	Preference Shares	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	Share Premium	Retained Earnings	Revaluation Reserves	Capital Reserves	Catastrophe Reserves	Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Reserves	Insurance Fund	Fair Value Reserves	Actuarial Reserves	Deferred Tax Reserve	Other Reserves (Regulatory Reserve)	Other Reserves	Non-controlling interest	Total
<b>Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2080</b>	<b>4,184,000,000</b>	-	-	-	<b>698,897,332</b>	-	-	<b>91,142,019</b>	<b>3,742,520</b>	-	<b>122,293</b>	-	<b>18,818,704</b>	-	-	-	<b>4,996,722,868</b>
Prior period adjustment*																	-
<b>Restated Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2080</b>	<b>4,184,000,000</b>	-	-	-	<b>698,897,332</b>	-	-	<b>91,142,019</b>	<b>3,742,520</b>	-	<b>122,293</b>	-	<b>18,818,704</b>	-	-	-	<b>4,996,722,868</b>
Profit/(Loss) For the Year	-	-	-	-	350,824,111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	350,824,111
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year, Net of Tax																	-
i) Changes in Fair Value of FVOCI Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Gains/ (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Exchange differences on translation of Foreign Operation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Changes in fair value of FVOCI Equity Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,344,781	-	-	-	-	-	4,344,781
v) Revaluation of Property and Equipment/ Goodwill & Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
vi) Remeasurement of Post-Employment Benefit Obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Reserves/ Funds	-	-	-	-	(37,692,800)	-	-	34,266,182	3,426,618	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of Deferred Tax Reserves	-	-	-	-	(768,828)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	768,828	-	-	-	-
Transfer of Depreciation on Revaluation of Property and Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer on Disposal of Property and Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer on Disposal of Equity Instruments Measured at FVTOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Insurance Contract Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	(770,475)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(770,475)
Others (Utilization of Reserves)									(2,232,972)								(2,232,972)
Contribution by/ Distribution to the owners of the Company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Bonus Share Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Share Issue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Cash Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Dividend Distribution Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
v) Others (to be Specified)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at Ashadh 31, 2080</b>	<b>4,184,000,000</b>	-	-	-	<b>1,010,489,340</b>	-	-	<b>125,408,201</b>	<b>4,936,166</b>	-	<b>4,467,074</b>	-	<b>19,587,532</b>	-	-	-	<b>5,348,888,313</b>

**Condensed Statement of Cash Flows**

Fig. in NPR

Particulars	Current Year	Corresponding Previous Year
	Upto this Quarter (YTD)	Upto this Quarter (YTD)
<b>Cash Flow From Operating Activities:</b>		
<b>Cash Received</b>		
Gross Premium Received	6,187,244,987	3,551,897,033
Reinsurance Commission Received	-	-
Claim Recovery Received from Reinsurers	349,420,698	109,333,656
Realised Foreign Exchange Income other than on Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Other Direct Income Received	15,242,918	5,340,633
Others (Other Income received)	3,197,405	-
<b>Cash Paid</b>		
Gross Benefits and Claims Paid	(1,986,525,838)	(1,044,936,626)
Reinsurance Premium Paid	(323,328,716)	(152,070,406)
Commission Paid	(653,140,594)	(353,646,933)
Service Fees Paid	(46,404,337)	(22,512,687)
Employee Benefits Expenses Paid	(416,349,157)	(259,338,725)
Other Expenses Paid	(386,587,287)	(194,946,062)
Other Direct Expenses Paid	(313,553)	(79,000)
Income Tax Paid	(121,094,395)	
<b>Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities [1]</b>	<b>2,621,362,132</b>	<b>1,639,040,884</b>
<b>Cash Flow From Investing Activities</b>		
Acquisitions of Intangible Assets	-	(96,050)
Proceeds From Sale of Intangible Assets	-	-
Acquisitions of Investment Properties	-	-
Proceeds From Sale of Investment Properties	-	-
Acquisitions of Property & Equipment	(5,838,267)	(19,423,377)
Proceeds From Sale of Property & Equipment	-	-
Investment in Subsidiaries	-	-
Receipts from Sale of Investments in Subsidiaries	-	-
Investment in Associates	-	-
Receipts from Sale of Investments in Associates	-	-
Purchase of Equity Instruments	(648,979,295)	(136,838,459)
Proceeds from Sale of Equity Instruments	61,765,896	(1,199,727)
Purchase of Mutual Funds	(190,429,665)	(10,351,469)
Proceeds from Sale of Mutual Funds	2,162,527	-
Purchase of Preference Shares	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Preference Shares	-	-
Purchase of Debentures	(659,448,000)	(307,513,183)
Proceeds from Sale of Debentures	-	-
Purchase of Bonds	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds	-	-
Investments in Deposits	(6,691,079,649)	(1,596,447,683)
Maturity of Deposits	4,004,240,849	-
Loans Paid	(402,697,167)	(167,466,423)
Proceeds from Loans	305,558,427	

Rental Income Received		
Proceeds from Finance Lease		
Interest Income Received	1,642,592,253	876,596,310
Dividend Received	-	1,164,113
Others (to be specified)		
<b>Total Cash Flow From Investing Activities [2]</b>	<b>(2,582,152,092)</b>	<b>(1,361,575,949)</b>
<b>Cash Flow From Financing Activities</b>		
Interest Paid	-	-
Proceeds From Borrowings	-	-
Repayment of Borrowings	-	-
Payment of Finance Lease	-	-
Proceeds From Issue of Share Capital	-	-
Share Issuance Cost Paid	-	-
Dividend Paid	-	-
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	-
Others (Balance transfer in Acquisition)	-	179,591,983
<b>Total Cash Flow From Financing Activities [3]</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>179,591,983</b>
<b>Net Increase/(Decrease) In Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents [1+2+3]</b>	<b>39,210,040</b>	<b>457,056,918</b>
Cash & Cash Equivalents At Beginning of The Year/Period	511,460,656	114,016,515
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents		
<b>Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents At End of The Year/Period</b>	<b>550,670,696</b>	<b>571,073,433</b>
<b>Components of Cash &amp; Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>550,670,696</b>	<b>571,073,433</b>
Cash In Hand	72,373,477	125,405,867
Cheuge in Hand	115,333,780	138,697,230
Term Deposit with Banks (with initial maturity upto 3 months)	-	-
Balance With Banks	362,963,439	306,970,336

**CONDENSED Statement of Distributable Profit or Loss**

**Fig. in NPR**

Particulars	Current Year
<b>Opening Balance in Retained Earnings</b>	<b>698,897,331.50</b>
Transfer from OCI reserves to retained earning in current year	
Net profit or (loss) as per statement of profit or loss	350,824,111.05
<b>Appropriations:</b>	
i) Transfer to Insurance Fund	-
ii) Transfer to Catastrophe Reserve	(34,266,181.97)
iii) Transfer to Capital Reserve	-
iv) Transfer to CSR reserve	(3,426,618.20)
v) Transfer to/from Regulatory Reserve	-
vi) Transfer to Fair Value Reserve	
vii) Transfer of Deferred Tax Reserve	(768,827.59)
viii) Transfer to OCI reserves due to change in classification	
ix) Others (Actuarial Reserves)	
Prior period Adjustments.	-
Share Issuance Costs	(770,475.00)
Cash Dividend	-
Dividend Distribution Tax	-
<b>Deductions:</b>	
i) Accumulated Fair Value Gain on each Financial Assets Measured at FVTPL	
a) Equity Instruments	-
b) Mutual Fund	-
c) Others (if any)	-
ii) Accumulated Fair Value gain on Investment Properties	-
iii) Accumulated Fair Value gain on Hedged Items in Fair Value Hedges	-
iv) Accumulated Fair Value gain on Hedging Instruments in Fair Value Hedges	-
v) Accumulated Fair value gain of Ineffective Portion on Cash Flow Hedges	-
vi) Goodwill Recognised	-
vii) Unrealised Gain on fluctuation of Foreign Exchange Currency	-
viii) Accumulated Share of Net Profit of Associates accounted using Equity Method included in Investment Account	-
ix) Overdue loans	-
x) Fair value gain recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss	-
xi) Investment in unlisted shares as per sec 16 of Financial Directive	(250,000.00)
xii) Delisted share investment or mutual fund investment	
xiii) Bonus share/dividend paid	
xiv) Deduction as per Sec 17 of Financial directive	
xiv) Deduction as per Sec 18 of Financial directive	(12,100,000.00)
xv) Others (to be specified)	-
<b>Adjusted Retained Earning</b>	<b>998,139,339.79</b>
Add: Transfer from Share Premium Account	
Less: Amount apportioned for Assigned capital	
Less: Deduction as per sec 15(1) of Financial directive	
Add/Less: Others (Retained Earning)	-
<b>Total Distributable Profit/(loss)</b>	<b>998,139,339.79</b>

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended Aasr 31, 2081

### 1 Basis of Preparation

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

### 2 Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements of the Company comprises of Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss and Statement of Other Comprehensive Income shown as two separate statements, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Financial Statements which have been prepared in accordance with the Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) issued by the Nepal Accounting Standards Board (ASB) and in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2006, directives issued by Nepal Insurance Authority and required disclosures as per Securities Board of Nepal. The format used in the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements and disclosures made therein also complies with the specified formats prescribed in the directives of Nepal Insurance Authority.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The term NFRS, includes all the standards and the related interpretations which are consistently used.

### 3 Use of Estimates

The preparation of these Financial Statements in conformity with NFRS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the reported balances of Assets & Liabilities, disclosures relating to Contingent Liabilities as at the date of the Financial Statements and the reported amount of Income & Expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Changes in estimates are reflected in the Financial Statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the Notes to the financial statements.

### 4 Significant Accounting Policies

This note provides a list of the significant policies adopted in the preparation of these Financial Statements.

#### (a) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

##### i) Recognition

Freehold land is carried at historical cost and other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation when, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and it can be used for more than one year and the cost can be measured reliably.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it meets the recognition criteria as mentioned above. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

##### ii) Revaluation

After recognition as an asset, lands and buildings whose fair value can be measured reliably, have been carried at revalued amount at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Valuations are being performed to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not materially differ from its carrying amount as at the reporting date. Valuation of the land and buildings are undertaken by professionally qualified valuers.

An increase in the carrying amount as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of revaluation reserve. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit and loss. A decrease in the carrying amount as a result of revaluation, is recognised in profit and loss. However, the decrease is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset.

Additionally,

***Difference between depreciation on the revalued carrying amount of the asset and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred to retained earnings.***

##### iii) Depreciation

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment other than Freehold Land i.e. the Company's Freehold Building, Plant & Machinery, Vehicles & Other Assets is provided on "Straight Line Method (SLM)/ Diminishing Balance Method (DBM)" based on Useful Life estimated by technical expert of the management.

The Assets Useful Life/ Rate of Depreciation and Residual Values are reviewed at the Reporting date and the effect of any changes in estimates are accounted for on a prospective basis.

Useful Life of Property, Plant and Equipment based on SLM/ DBM is categorised as stated below:

List of Asset Categories	Useful Life (In Years)	Rate of Depreciation (In %) for DBM
Land	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Buildings	20	5%
Leasehold Improvement	Lease Period (10 Years)	10% SLM
Furniture & Fixtures	10	25%
Computers and IT Equipments	7	25%
Office Equipment	8	25%
Vehicles	10	20%
Other Assets	4	25%

#### iv) Derecognition

An item of Property and Equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no Future Economic Benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the Asset. Any Gain or Loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of Property and Equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the Asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

#### v) Impairment of Assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the Asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets. Assets that suffer an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period. In case of such reversal, the carrying amount of the asset is increased so as not to exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had there been no impairment loss.

#### vi) Capital Work-In-Progress

These are expenses of capital nature directly incurred in the construction of buildings, major plant and machinery and system development which are to be capitalized. Capital Work in Progress would be transferred to the relevant asset when it is available for use. Capital Work in Progress is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

### (b) Intangible Assets

#### i) Recognition

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and the related expenditure is reflected in Statement of profit or loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Subsequent expenditure on intangible assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

#### ii) Amortization

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. An intangible asset shall be regarded as having an indefinite useful life when, based on an analysis of all of the relevant factors, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected generate net cash inflow for the entity.

Useful Life of Intangible Assets based on SLM/ DBM is categorised as stated below:

List of Asset Categories	Useful Life (In Years) for SLM	Rate of Depreciation (In %) for DBM
Softwares	5	20%
Licenses	License Period	License Period
Others (to be Specified)		

### iii) Derecognition

An Intangible Asset is derecognised when no Future Economic Benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the Asset. Any Gain or Loss arising on the derecognition is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the Asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

### iv) Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that Intangible Assets may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

## (c) Investment Properties

### Cost Model:

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to (or from) investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to PPE, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If PPE becomes an investment property, the Company accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under PPE up to the date of change in use.

### OR

### Fair Value Model:

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to (or from) investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to PPE, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If PPE becomes an investment property, the Company accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under PPE up to the date of change in use.

The company does not have any property held as Investment Property as at financial year end.

## (d) Cash & Cash Equivalent

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, Cash & Cash Equivalents includes Cash In Hand, Bank Balances and short term deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

## (e) Financial Assets

### i) Initial Recognition & Measurement

Financial Assets are recognized when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the Financial Instrument. The Company determines the classification of its Financial Assets at initial recognition.

When Financial Assets are recognized initially, they are measured at Fair Value, plus, in the case of Financial Assets not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the Financial Asset. Transaction costs of Financial Assets carried at Fair Value through Profit or Loss are expensed in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

## **ii) Subsequent Measurement**

### **a) Financial Assets carried at Amortized Cost (AC)**

#### **iii) De-Recognition**

A Financial Asset is derecognized only when the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the Financial Asset. Where the Company has transferred an Asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the Financial Asset. In such cases, the Financial Asset is derecognized. Where the Company has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the Financial Asset, the Financial Asset is not derecognized. Where the Company retains control of the Financial Asset, the Asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the Financial Asset.

#### **iv) Impairment of Financial Assets**

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred since the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

#### ***Expected Credit Loss for Impairment of Financial Assets is applicable after implementation of NFRS 9***

In accordance with NFRS 9 "Financial Instrument", the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) Model, for evaluating impairment of Financial Assets other than those measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL).

Expected Credit Losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

The 12-months Expected Credit Losses (Expected Credit Losses that result from those default events on the Financial Instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or

Full Lifetime Expected Credit Losses (Expected Credit Losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the Financial Instrument)

## **(f) Financial Liabilities**

### **i) Initial Recognition & Measurement**

Financial Liabilities are recognized when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the Financial Instrument. The Company determines the classification of its Financial Liabilities at initial recognition.

All Financial Liabilities are recognized initially at Fair Value, plus, in the case of Financial Liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the issue of the Financial Liability.

### **ii) Subsequent Measurement**

After initial recognition, Financial Liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Method.

### **iii) De-Recognition**

A Financial Liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing Financial Liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

## **(g) Offsetting financial instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position where there is legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

## **(h) Reinsurance Assets**

Reinsurance assets are the assets which are created against insurance contract liabilities of the amount which are recoverable from the reinsurers. These assets are created for the Reinsurer's share of Insurance Contract Liabilities.

**(i) Share Capital**

Financial Instruments issued by the Company are classified as Equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a Financial Liability or Financial Asset.

**(j) Reserves and Funds**

**i) Share Premium:** If the Company issues share capital at premium it receives extra amount other than share capital such amount is transferred to share premium. The amount in share premium is allowed for distribution of bonus shares.

**ii) Catastrophe Reserves:** The Company has allocated catastrophe reserve for the amount which is 10% of the distributable profit for the year as per Regulator's Directive.

**iii) Fair Value Reserves:** The Company has policy of creating fair value reserve equal to the amount of Fair Value Gain recognized in statement of other comprehensive income as per regulator's directive.

**iv) Regulatory Reserves:** Reserve created out of net profit in line with different circulars issued by Insurance Board.

**v) Actuarial Reserves:** Reseserve against actuarial gain or loss on present value of defined benefit obligation resulting from, experience adjustments (the effects of differences between the previous actuarial assumptions and what has actually occurred); and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions.

**vi) Cashflow Hedge Reserves:** Is the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with all or a component of a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction, and could affect profit or loss. Reserve represent effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognized in other comprehensive income.

**vii) Revaluation Reserves:** Reserve created against revaluation gain on property, plant & equipments & intangible assets, other than the reversal of earlier revaluation losses charged to profit or loss.

**viii) Other Reserves:** Reserve other than above reserves, for e.g. deferred tax reserve, others (to be specified)

**(k) Insurance Contract Liabilities**

**i) Provision for unearned premiums**

Unearned premiums reserve represents the portion of the premium written in the year but relating to the unexpired term of coverage.

**ii) Outstanding claims provisions**

Outstanding claims provisions are based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims incurred but not settled at the statement of financial position date, whether reported or not, together with related claims handling costs.

**iii) Unapportioned surplus**

Unapportioned surplus where the amount are yet to be allocated or distributed to either policyholders or shareholders by the end of the financial period, and held within the insurance contract liabilities.

**Liability adequacy**

At each reporting date, the Company reviews its unexpired risk and a liability adequacy test is performed to determine whether there is any overall excess of expected claims and deferred acquisition costs over unearned premiums. The calculation uses current estimates of future contractual cash flows after taking account of the investment return expected to arise on assets relating to the relevant life insurance technical provisions. If these estimates show that the carrying amount of the unearned premiums is inadequate, the deficiency is recognized in the statement of profit or loss by setting up a provision for liability.

**5 Changes in Accounting Policies**

Accounting policies are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices applied by the Company in preparing and presenting financial statements. The Company is permitted to change an accounting policy only if the change is required by a standard or interpretation; or results in the Financial Statements providing reliable and more relevant information about the effects of transactions, other events or conditions on the entity's financial position, financial performance, or cash flows.